

# **Knaus Tabbert AG**

Germany / Leisure Vehicles Xetra Bloomberg: KTA GR ISIN: DE000A2YN504

2023 results

RATING PRICE TARGET

BUY € 86.00

Return Potential 108.5% Risk Rating High

### TIME TO TIDY UP AFTER RECORD YEAR

A production surge spurred 2023 revenue growth (+37%) and EBITDA expansion (+76%). Both KPIs were close to FBe and the street. The order backlog remained at a reassuring 66% of reported 2023 sales and the company wants to focus on boosting cash flows by "cleaning up" the balance sheet after the production surge. The RV maker continues to gain market share and will launch a new brand later this year, which should help defend top market share rankings. KTA brass also wants to reward shareholders with a much higher dividend €2.9 (2022: €1.5) reflecting the strong bottom line. While 2024 revenue growth will not match the splashy 2023 KPI, we see plenty of reasons to be optimistic over the short- and midterm. We are Buy-rated on KTA with an €86 TP.

Time to tidy up after record year On the YE23 earnings call, CEO Wolfgang Speck alluded to the desire to "clean up" the balance sheet during 2024 following the production surge that started in Q4/22 with a flood of chassis deliveries. Chiefly, KTA's boss wants to whittle down working capital to release cash flows and pointed to the high level of finished & unfinished goods in the inventory. The 2024 topline guide calls for sales to range between €1.40bn and €1.55bn, and Mi Speck emphasised that the decelerated growth this year in no way compromises KTA's mid-term goal of €2bn in sales in 2027 underpinned by a 15% five year CAGR. The company sees a similar production mix to 2023 on roughly 30k units with no increase planned after last year's price hikes.

Other conference call takeaways Mr Speck explained the decision to simultaneously take the CFO reins alongside his CEO role—a dual charge he has handled in the past. He also shed some light on the 4 day work week designed to help KTA compete for skilled hands in a tight labour market. The initiative will kick off this month allowing a portion of the workforce to fit their 35 hour (old: 38 hours during the surge) work weeks into Mondays through Thursdays. We reckon this is a prudent. . . (p.t.o.)

### **FINANCIAL HISTORY & PROJECTIONS**

|                    | 2020   | 2021   | 2022     | 2023     | 2024E    | 2025E    |
|--------------------|--------|--------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Revenue (€m)       | 794.59 | 862.62 | 1,049.52 | 1,441.02 | 1,485.80 | 1,643.84 |
| Y/Y growth         | 1.8%   | 8.6%   | 21.7%    | 37.3%    | 3.1%     | 10.6%    |
| EBIT (€m)          | 46.56  | 38.39  | 45.47    | 95.41    | 101.05   | 121.70   |
| EBIT margin        | 5.9%   | 4.4%   | 4.3%     | 6.6%     | 6.8%     | 7.4%     |
| Net income (€m)    | 31.33  | 25.90  | 29.62    | 60.32    | 64.81    | 80.36    |
| EPS (diluted) (€)  | 7.63   | 2.50   | 2.85     | 5.81     | 6.25     | 7.74     |
| DPS (€)            | 1.50   | 1.50   | 1.50     | 2.90     | 3.10     | 3.90     |
| FCF (€m)           | 50.89  | -20.69 | -69.89   | -21.73   | 62.92    | 52.88    |
| Net gearing        | 44.1%  | 74.8%  | 136.1%   | 123.7%   | 94.4%    | 73.1%    |
| Liquid assets (€m) | 8.94   | 9.68   | 12.61    | 11.69    | 14.34    | 15.33    |

#### RISKS

Risks include, but are not limited to: supply chain, labour, macro-economic, competitive, and regulatory factors

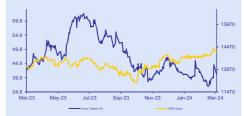
#### **COMPANY PROFILE**

Knaus Tabbert AG is a leading manufacturer of leisure vehicles in Europe with headquarters in Jandelsbrunn, Lower Bavaria. The company covers all RV segments from towable caravans, motorhomes, and camper vans to its flagship luxury motorhomes (Morello). KTA has four manufacturing facilities following the latest capacity expansion.

| MARKET DATA            | As of 02 Apr 2024 |
|------------------------|-------------------|
| Closing Price          | € 41.25           |
| Shares outstanding     | 10.38m            |
| Market Capitalisation  | € 428.05m         |
| 52-week Range          | € 36.75 / 62.40   |
| Ava Volume (12 Months) | 12 487            |

| Multiples | 2023 | 2024E | 2025E |
|-----------|------|-------|-------|
| P/E       | 7.1  | 6.6   | 5.3   |
| EV/Sales  | 0.5  | 0.4   | 0.4   |
| EV/EBIT   | 6.9  | 6.5   | 5.4   |
| Div Yield | 7.0% | 7.5%  | 9.5%  |

### **STOCK OVERVIEW**



| COMPANY DATA         | As of 31 Dec 2023 |
|----------------------|-------------------|
| Liquid Assets        | € 11.70m          |
| Current Assets       | € 429.50m         |
| Intangible Assets    | € 22.50m          |
| Total Assets         | € 682.50m         |
| Current Liabilities  | € 355.00m         |
| Shareholders' Equity | € 192.70m         |

#### **SHAREHOLDERS**

| H.T.P. Investments1 B.V.    | 41.0% |
|-----------------------------|-------|
| Catalina Capital Ptnrs B.V. | 25.0% |
| Free Float                  | 34.0% |

. . . course, given the often long commutes for workers to reach far-flung production facilities, that won't hamper output. Investors had been alarmed by a shrinking backlog, but Mr Speck pointed out that this was part of the plan, alongside capacity expansion to cut down long delivery times.

We also note that backlog coverage of revenue (figure 3 overleaf) was 60% to 70% before Covid. Market tailwinds should also remain strong. Germans shelled out some €87bn for holidays last year according to Statista, a data outfit. This trails only food expenditures and even tops retirement provisioning.

Finally, KTA can launch a new brand later this year now that supply chains have been sufficiently diversified and feature several blue chip suppliers. The KTA boss hinted that the new brand will cover motorhomes, caravans and camper vans.

## **Q4 HIGHLIGHTS**

Table 1: 2023 results vs FBe and prior year

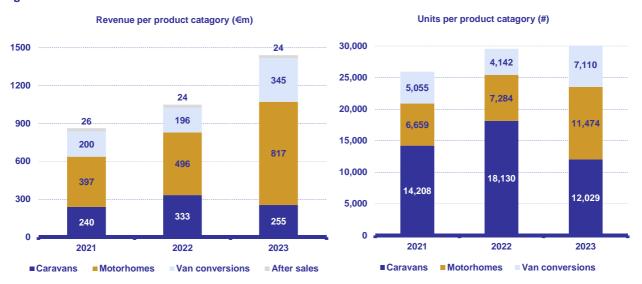
| All figures in €m | Q4/23 | Q4/23E | variance | Q4/22 | variance | 2023  | 2022  | variance |
|-------------------|-------|--------|----------|-------|----------|-------|-------|----------|
| Revenue           | 368   | 368    | 0%       | 356   | 3%       | 1,441 | 1,050 | 37%      |
| Gross profit      | 99    | 116    | -15%     | 97    | 3%       | 394   | 297   | 33%      |
| Margin            | 26.9% | 31.6%  | -        | 27.1% | -        | 27.3% | 28.3% | -        |
| EBITDA            | 35    | 39     | -9%      | 39    | -9%      | 124   | 69    | 79%      |
| Margin            | 9.6%  | 10.5%  | -        | 10.8% | -        | 8.6%  | 6.6%  | -        |
| AEBITDA           | 35    | 39     | -10%     | 39    | -10%     | 124   | 70    | 76%      |
| Margin            | 9.6%  | 10.6%  | -        | 11.0% | -        | 8.6%  | 6.7%  | -        |
|                   |       |        |          |       |          |       |       |          |

Source: First Berlin Equity Research; Knaus Tabbert AG

**Record sales** Knaus Tabbert reported a 37% Y/Y rise in 2023 sales to €1.44bn (2022: €1.05bn) landing at the upper end of revenue guidance (€1.35 to €1.45m). The good performance owes to a shift in the production mix away from caravans to higher priced motorhomes and camper vans. Motorised vehicles accounted to 61% of 2023 turnover vs 26% in the prior year. The overall 4% Y/Y increase in unit sales was spearheaded by camper vans (+71%) and motorhomes (+58%), thanks to steady supply of chassis.

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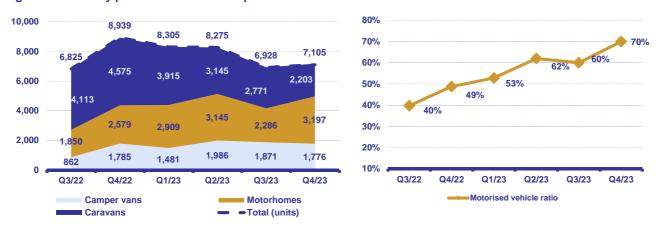
Figure 1: Twelve month turnover KPIs



Source: First Berlin Equity Research; Knaus Tabbert AG

On a fourth quarter basis, sales grew at a more stable 3% Y/Y to €368m after the production surge in the January-to-September period that also stood out with 55% Y/Y, due to the easy prior year comps when output was gated by the chassis shortages.

Figure 2: Quarterly production mix developments



Source: First Berlin Equity Research; Knaus Tabbert AG

Earnings grew at a similar pace Powered by the high motor vehicle production ratio (+21PPS Y/Y), the 2023 EBITDA margin (8.6%) was well above the prior year KPI and topped 9.6% during the October-to-December period after the seasonal decline in the previous quarter (Q3: 5.9%). This is a normal earnings cadence for the company since the third quarter traditionally has to absorb around three weeks of worker holidays leading to fewer production shifts.

Table 2: Revenue and EBITDA by segment

|         | 20     | 2023    |        | 2022    |        | Variance |  |
|---------|--------|---------|--------|---------|--------|----------|--|
| €m      | Luxury | Premium | Luxury | Premium | Luxury | Premium  |  |
| Revenue | 167    | 1,274   | 131    | 919     | 28%    | 39%      |  |
| EBITDA  | 22     | 102     | 16     | 54      | 41%    | 90%      |  |
| Margin  | 13%    | 8%      | 12%    | 6%      | -      | -        |  |
|         |        |         |        |         |        |          |  |

Source: First Berlin Equity Research; Knaus Tabbert AG

The state-of-the-art Morelo cruisers continue to dominate the European luxury landscape with a market share of >50%. KTA's Luxury segment reported sales of 572 units equal to 10% Y/Y growth and is set to grow further after investments of some €22m in capacity expansions over the past two years.

Figure 3: Reported revenue vs order backlog evolution



Source: First Berlin Equity Research; Knaus Tabbert AG

YE23 order backlog covers 61% to 68% of 2024 revenue guide Fourth quarter deliveries tallied 7.1k vehicles (Q3/23: 6.9k), and order intake was around 2.5k units (+68% Y/Y). KTA exited 2023 with an order backlog of €946m equal to 19,985 units. The latter KPI includes 55% MVs (2022: 58%) and is consistent with market trends.

We suspect investors will need some time to adjust to the now "normalised" backlog KPIs that had swelled during the pandemic when chassis were hard to get. We expect backlog coverage to range between 55% and 70% going forward with another slight dip in Q1 reflecting the seasonal order intake cadence.

**Table 3: Financial highlights** 

| All figures in €m                     | 2023 | 2022 | variance |
|---------------------------------------|------|------|----------|
| Cash & liquid assets                  | 12   | 13   | -7%      |
| Financial debt (short- and long-term) | 243  | 205  | 18%      |
| Net debt                              | 231  | 193  | 20%      |
| Total assets                          | 683  | 557  | 22%      |
| Total equity                          | 193  | 147  | 31%      |
| Equity ratio                          | 28%  | 26%  | -        |
| Net gearing                           | 120% | 131% | -        |
| Net debt / EBITDA*                    | 1.9x | 2.8x | -        |
| *adjusted EBITDA                      |      |      |          |

Source: First Berlin Equity Research; Knaus Tabbert AG

Inventory levels spiked in 2023 to €309m (YE21: €253) with the stockpiling of chassis and other components. The RV maker agreed in some cases to take early delivery of chassis to safeguard against production disruptions, but management now want to cull the stockpiles to normalised levels to release liquidity. The equity ratio remains slightly below the covenant level, but a waiver is in place with creditors giving the company time to whittle down stockpiles.

Table 4: 2023 KPIs vs covenants

|                   | 2023 | Covenant |
|-------------------|------|----------|
| Equity ratio      | 28%  | 30%      |
| Net debt / EBITDA | 1.9x | <=2.75x  |
|                   |      |          |

Source: First Berlin Equity Research; Knaus Tabbert AG

Table 5: Cash flow overview

| All figures in €m        | 2023  | 2022  | variance |
|--------------------------|-------|-------|----------|
| Net operating cash flow  | 32    | 3     | 1046%    |
| Cash flow from investing | -54   | -73   | n.a.     |
| Cash flow from financing | 19    | 73    | -73%     |
| Net cash flows           | -2    | 3     | n.a.     |
| Free cash flow (FCF)     | -22   | -70   | -        |
| FCFPS (€)                | -2.09 | -6.74 | -        |
| FCF conversion*          | n.a.  | n.a.  | -        |
| * percent of EBITDA      |       |       |          |

Source: First Berlin Equity Research; Knaus Tabbert AG

Earnings translate into good operating cash flows Operating cash flow tallied €32m in 2023 (2022: €3m). The increase was occasioned by a substantial rise in earnings. The bottom line doubled Y/Y to over €60m. Cash flow from investing amounted to €-54m (2022: €-73m) and is traced to capacity investments tallying some €58m in the Premium and Luxury segments. FCF totalled €-22m for the period, while cash flow from financing amounted to €19m.

# OUTLOOK

Table 6: Updated FB e and TP

|                   | old   | new   | revision | upside | dividend yield | total return |
|-------------------|-------|-------|----------|--------|----------------|--------------|
| Price target (€)  | 86.0  | 86.0  | 0.0%     | 108.5% | 3.6%           | 112.1%       |
|                   |       | 2024E |          |        | 2025E          |              |
| All figures in €m | old   | new   | revision | old    | new            | revision     |
| Revenue           | 1,543 | 1,486 | -3.7%    | 1,704  | 1,644          | -3.5%        |
| EBITDA            | 147   | 131   | -11.3%   | 175    | 154            | -12.0%       |
| Margin (%)        | 9.6%  | 8.8%  | -        | 10.3%  | 9.4%           | -            |
| AEBITDA           | 148   | 131   | -11.8%   | 176    | 154            | -12.4%       |
| Margin (%)        | 9.6%  | 8.8%  | -        | 10.3%  | 9.4%           | -            |

Source: First Berlin Equity Research estimates

Sticking to Buy rating Updated FBe now aligns towards the upper end of 2024 guidance and factors in: (1) steady model pricing Y/Y after last year's price hikes; (2) a more conservative gross margin assumption in line with the lower EBITDA targets; (3) lower CapEx assumptions after the CEO signalled that capacity investments are winding down. The latter adjustment offsets the decreases to our earnings targets. After rolling our DCF forward and adopting the YE23 net debt figure as well as a lower risk free rate tracking the decline in 10 year German bonds, our model points to an unchanged TP of €86.

Table 7: 2024 guidance vs FBe

|                 | Unit | 2024 guidance | 2023A | 2024 FBe |
|-----------------|------|---------------|-------|----------|
| Revenue         | €bn  | 1.40 to 1.55  | 1.44  | 1.49     |
| Grow th         | %    | -3.0 to +7.6  | 37.3  | 3.1      |
| A EBITDA margin | %    | 8.0 - 9.0     | 8.6   | 8.8      |
|                 |      |               |       |          |

Source: First Berlin Equity Research; Knaus Tabbert AG

The initial earnings guide calls for an EBITDA margin of 8% to 9%. The low end is intended to act as a buffer against macro turbulence including ongoing global hostilities that could escalate and disrupt supply chains.



# **VALUATION MODEL**

Table 8: DCF model

| In EURm                              | 2024E | 2025E | 2026E | 2027E | 2028E | 2029E | 2030E | 2031E |
|--------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Sales                                | 1,486 | 1,644 | 1,815 | 1,984 | 2,117 | 2,247 | 2,355 | 2,455 |
| NOPLAT                               | 71    | 86    | 101   | 117   | 134   | 149   | 162   | 175   |
| (+) depreciation & amortisation      | 30    | 33    | 35    | 37    | 37    | 39    | 43    | 47    |
| Net operating cash flow              | 101   | 118   | 136   | 155   | 171   | 189   | 205   | 222   |
| (-) Total investments (CAPEX and WC) | -34   | -74   | -83   | -88   | -90   | -94   | -94   | -95   |
| (-) Capital expenditures             | -54   | -48   | -54   | -60   | -68   | -72   | -75   | -79   |
| (-) Working capital                  | 21    | -27   | -29   | -29   | -22   | -22   | -18   | -17   |
| Free cash flows (FCF)                | 67    | 44    | 53    | 67    | 81    | 95    | 111   | 126   |
| PV of FCF's                          | 62    | 36    | 39    | 44    | 48    | 50    | 53    | 53    |

|                                      |       |     |       |       |       | Terminal E | BIT margin |       |       |       |
|--------------------------------------|-------|-----|-------|-------|-------|------------|------------|-------|-------|-------|
| In EUR '000                          |       |     |       | 10.2% | 10.7% | 11.2%      | 11.7%      | 12.2% | 12.7% | 13.2% |
| PV of FCFs in explicit period        | 640   |     | 8.7%  | 127.9 | 134.9 | 142.0      | 149.1      | 156.2 | 163.3 | 170.3 |
| (+) PV of FCFs in terminal period    | 493   | ပ္  | 9.7%  | 105.9 | 111.4 | 116.9      | 122.4      | 127.9 | 133.3 | 138.8 |
| Enterprise value (EV)                | 1,133 | WAC | 10.7% | 89.1  | 93.4  | 97.8       | 102.1      | 106.4 | 110.7 | 115.0 |
| (+) Net cash / (-) net debt          | -238  | >   | 11.7% | 75.9  | 79.3  | 82.8       | 86.2       | 89.7  | 93.1  | 96.6  |
| (+) Investments / minority interests | 0     |     | 12.7% | 65.2  | 68.0  | 70.8       | 73.5       | 76.3  | 79.1  | 81.9  |
| Shareholder value                    | 895   |     | 13.7% | 56.3  | 58.6  | 60.9       | 63.2       | 65.5  | 67.8  | 70.0  |
| Fair value per share (€)             | 86.0  |     | 14.7% | 49.0  | 50.9  | 52.7       | 54.6       | 56.5  | 58.4  | 60.3  |
|                                      |       | _   |       |       |       | Terminal g | rowth rate |       |       |       |
|                                      |       |     |       | 0.5%  | 1.0%  | 1.5%       | 2.0%       | 2.5%  | 3.0%  | 3.5%  |
| Cost of equity                       | 13.5% |     | 8.7%  | 130.1 | 135.6 | 141.9      | 149.1      | 157.5 | 167.4 | 179.1 |
| Pre-tax cost of debt                 | 4.5%  | ပ္ပ | 9.7%  | 109.1 | 113.0 | 117.4      | 122.4      | 128.0 | 134.5 | 142.0 |
| Tax rate                             | 29.5% | AC  | 10.7% | 92.6  | 95.4  | 98.6       | 102.1      | 106.0 | 110.5 | 115.5 |
| After-tax cost of debt               | 3.2%  | >   | 11.7% | 79.3  | 81.4  | 83.7       | 86.2       | 89.1  | 92.2  | 95.8  |
| Risk free rate                       | 2.5%  |     | 12.7% | 68.3  | 69.9  | 71.6       | 73.5       | 75.6  | 77.9  | 80.5  |
| Terminal grow th rate                | 2.0%  |     | 13.7% | 59.2  | 60.4  | 61.8       | 63.2       | 64.8  | 66.5  | 68.3  |
| WACC                                 | 11.7% |     | 14.7% | 51.5  | 52.5  | 53.5       | 54.6       | 55.8  | 57.1  | 58.5  |

<sup>\*</sup>Please note our model runs through 2036 and we have only shown the abbreviated version for formatting purpose

# **INCOME STATEMENT**

| All figures in EURm         | 2020  | 2021   | 2022  | 2023   | 2024E  | 2025E  |
|-----------------------------|-------|--------|-------|--------|--------|--------|
| Revenues                    | 795   | 863    | 1,050 | 1,441  | 1,486  | 1,644  |
| Cost of goods sold          | -558  | -625   | -776  | -1,071 | -1,104 | -1,221 |
| Gross profit                | 245   | 261    | 296   | 394    | 409    | 452    |
| Personnel expenses          | -111  | -127   | -142  | -158   | -161   | -174   |
| Other OpEx                  | -71   | -78    | -91   | -122   | -123   | -130   |
| Other income                | 3     | 3      | 6     | 10     | 6      | 7      |
| EBITDA                      | 66    | 59     | 69    | 124    | 131    | 154    |
| Depreciation & amortisation | -19   | -21    | -24   | -28    | -30    | -33    |
| Operating income (EBIT)     | 47    | 38     | 45    | 95     | 101    | 122    |
| Net financial result        | -2    | -1     | -4    | -10    | -9     | -8     |
| Other financial result      | 0     | 0      | 0     | 0      | 0      | 0      |
| Pre-tax income (EBT)        | 44    | 37     | 42    | 86     | 92     | 114    |
| Income taxes                | -13   | -11    | -12   | -25    | -27    | -34    |
| Minority interests          | 0     | 0      | 0     | 0      | 0      | 0      |
| Net income / loss           | 31    | 26     | 30    | 60     | 65     | 80     |
| Diluted EPS (in €)          | 7.6   | 2.5    | 2.9   | 5.8    | 6.2    | 7.7    |
| AEBITDA                     | 68    | 61     | 70    | 124    | 131    | 154    |
| Ratios                      |       |        |       |        |        |        |
| Gross margin                | 30.8% | 30.3%  | 28.2% | 27.3%  | 27.5%  | 27.5%  |
| EBITDA margin on revenues   | 8.3%  | 6.9%   | 6.6%  | 8.6%   | 8.8%   | 9.4%   |
| EBIT margin on revenues     | 5.9%  | 4.4%   | 4.3%  | 6.6%   | 6.8%   | 7.4%   |
| AEBITDA margin on revenues  | 8.5%  | 7.0%   | 6.7%  | 8.6%   | 8.8%   | 9.4%   |
| Net margin on revenues      | 3.9%  | 3.0%   | 2.8%  | 4.2%   | 4.4%   | 4.9%   |
| Tax rate                    | 28.9% | 29.9%  | 29.1% | 29.7%  | 29.5%  | 29.5%  |
| Expenses as % of revenues   |       |        |       |        |        |        |
| Personnel expenses          | 14.0% | 14.8%  | 13.5% | 10.9%  | 10.8%  | 10.6%  |
| Other OpEx                  | 8.9%  | 9.0%   | 8.7%  | 8.5%   | 8.3%   | 7.9%   |
| Depreciation & amortisation | 2.4%  | 2.4%   | 2.3%  | 2.0%   | 2.0%   | 2.0%   |
| Y-Y Growth                  |       |        |       |        |        |        |
| Revenues                    | 1.8%  | 8.6%   | 21.7% | 37.3%  | 3.1%   | 10.6%  |
| Operating income            | 1.5%  | -17.6% | 18.5% | 109.8% | 5.9%   | 20.4%  |
| Net income/ loss            | 0.5%  | -17.3% | 14.3% | 103.7% | 7.4%   | 24.0%  |



# **BALANCE SHEET**

| All figures in EURm                | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024E | 2025E |
|------------------------------------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|
| Assets                             |      |      |      |      |       |       |
| Current assets, total              | 161  | 191  | 344  | 430  | 365   | 402   |
| Cash and equivalents               | 9    | 10   | 13   | 12   | 14    | 15    |
| Other ST assets                    | 16   | 24   | 38   | 23   | 24    | 24    |
| Trade receivables                  | 11   | 7    | 33   | 85   | 69    | 77    |
| Inventories                        | 124  | 145  | 253  | 309  | 257   | 284   |
| Tax receivables                    | 2    | 6    | 7    | 1    | 1     | 1     |
| Non-current assets, total          | 124  | 154  | 214  | 253  | 278   | 293   |
| Property, plant and equipment      | 103  | 131  | 184  | 222  | 244   | 255   |
| Intangible assets                  | 16   | 18   | 23   | 23   | 25    | 29    |
| Deferred tax assets                | 3    | 3    | 5    | 7    | 7     | 7     |
| Other LT assets                    | 2    | 2    | 2    | 2    | 2     | 2     |
| Total assets                       | 286  | 345  | 557  | 682  | 643   | 694   |
| Shareholders' equity & debt        |      |      |      |      |       |       |
| Current liabilities, total         | 128  | 179  | 279  | 355  | 281   | 283   |
| Trade payables                     | 35   | 38   | 113  | 122  | 76    | 84    |
| ST debt                            | 49   | 93   | 90   | 141  | 120   | 108   |
| Provisions                         | 6    | 8    | 18   | 24   | 24    | 24    |
| Other current liabilities          | 37   | 40   | 59   | 68   | 61    | 67    |
| Long-term liabilities, total       | 34   | 32   | 132  | 135  | 135   | 136   |
| LT provisions                      | 13   | 14   | 5    | 6    | 6     | 7     |
| LT debt                            | 6    | 2    | 103  | 102  | 102   | 102   |
| Deferred tax                       | 7    | 8    | 10   | 11   | 11    | 11    |
| Other non-current liabilities      | 9    | 8    | 14   | 15   | 15    | 16    |
| Shareholders' equity               | 124  | 134  | 147  | 193  | 227   | 275   |
| Total consolidated equity and debt | 286  | 345  | 557  | 682  | 643   | 694   |
| Ratios                             |      |      |      |      |       |       |
| Current ratio (x)                  | 1.3  | 1.1  | 1.2  | 1.2  | 1.3   | 1.4   |
| Quick ratio (x)                    | 0.3  | 0.3  | 0.3  | 0.3  | 0.4   | 0.4   |
| Equity ratio                       | 43%  | 39%  | 26%  | 28%  | 35%   | 40%   |
| Net debt / (net cash)              | 55   | 100  | 200  | 238  | 214   | 201   |
| Net gearing                        | 44%  | 75%  | 136% | 124% | 94%   | 73%   |
| Net debt / EBITDA                  | 8.0  | 1.7  | 2.9  | 1.9  | 1.6   | 1.3   |
| Return on equity (ROE)             | 25%  | 19%  | 20%  | 31%  | 29%   | 29%   |
| Capital employed (CE)              | 219  | 262  | 381  | 516  | 520   | 562   |
| Return on capital employed (ROCE)  | 21%  | 15%  | 12%  | 18%  | 19%   | 22%   |

Knaus Tabbert AG



# **CASH FLOW STATEMENT**

3 April 2024

| All figures in EURm           | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023  | 2024E | 2025E |
|-------------------------------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| Net income                    | 31   | 26   | 30   | 60    | 65    | 80    |
| Depreciation & amortisation   | 19   | 21   | 24   | 28    | 30    | 33    |
| Change to LT accruals         | 3    | 2    | 2    | 7     | 0     | 0     |
| Other non-cash items          | 0    | 1    | 3    | 0     | -7    | 7     |
| Asset disposals               | 1    | 0    | 0    | 0     | 0     | 0     |
| Income tax                    | 12   | 11   | 12   | 25    | 27    | 34    |
| Net interest expense          | 2    | 1    | 3    | 10    | 9     | 8     |
| Operating cash flow           | 69   | 63   | 73   | 131   | 124   | 161   |
| Change in working capital     | 11   | -24  | -58  | -88   | 21    | -27   |
| Tax paid                      | -10  | -11  | -12  | -10   | -27   | -34   |
| Net operating cash flow       | 71   | 27   | 3    | 32    | 117   | 101   |
| Cash flow from investing      | -20  | -48  | -73  | -54   | -54   | -48   |
| Equity inflow, net            | 25   | 0    | 0    | 0     | 0     | 0     |
| Debt inflow, net              | -39  | 41   | 94   | 50    | -21   | -12   |
| Interest paid                 | -3   | -1   | -3   | -11   | -9    | -8    |
| Dividend paid to shareholders | -30  | -16  | -16  | -16   | -30   | -32   |
| Other financial cash flow     | -3   | -3   | -3   | -4    | 0     | 0     |
| Cash flow from financing      | -50  | 21   | 72   | 19    | -60   | -52   |
| Net cash flows                | 1    | 0    | 3    | -2    | 3     | 1     |
| Cash, start of the year       | 2    | 3    | 3    | 6     | 3     | 6     |
| Cash, end of the year         | 3    | 3    | 6    | 3     | 6     | 7     |
| Cash on deposit               | 6    | 7    | 7    | 8     | 8     | 8     |
| Free cash flow (FCF)          | 51   | -21  | -70  | -22   | 63    | 53    |
| FCF/share (in €)              | 4.9  | -2.0 | -6.7 | -2.1  | 6.1   | 5.1   |
| Y-Y Growth                    |      |      |      |       |       |       |
| Operating cash flow           | 61%  | -62% | -90% | 1047% | 265%  | -14%  |
| Free cash flow                | 218% | n.m. | n.m. | n.m.  | n.m.  | -16%  |



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UST-Id.: 251601797

Ggf. Inhaltlich Verantwortlicher gem. § 6 MDStV

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The production of this recommendation was completed on 3 April 2024 at 10:35

Person responsible for forwarding or distributing this financial analysis: Martin Bailey

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| Category                             |                                        | 1             | 2           |  |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|---------------|-------------|--|
| Current market capitalisation (in €) |                                        | 0 - 2 billion | > 2 billion |  |
| Strong Buy <sup>1</sup>              | An expected favourable price trend of: | > 50%         | > 30%       |  |
| Buy                                  | An expected favourable price trend of: | > 25%         | > 15%       |  |
| Add                                  | An expected favourable price trend of: | 0% to 25%     | 0% to 15%   |  |
| Reduce                               | An expected negative price trend of:   | 0% to -15%    | 0% to -10%  |  |
| Sell                                 | An expected negative price trend of:   | < -15%        | < -10%      |  |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The expected price trend is in combination with sizable confidence in the quality and forecast security of management

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| Report<br>No.:    | Date of publication | Previous day closing<br>price | Recommendation | Price<br>target |
|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Initial<br>Report | 13 January 2022     | €57.00                        | Buy            | €95.00          |
| 213               | $\downarrow$        | <b>↓</b>                      | <b>↓</b>       | <b>↓</b>        |
| 14                | 19 June 2023        | €51.20                        | Buy            | €75.00          |
| 15                | 26 July 2023        | €61.40                        | Buy            | €83.00          |
| 16                | 14 August 2023      | €58.90                        | Buy            | €83.00          |
| 17                | 6 September 2023    | €54.20                        | Buy            | €83.00          |
| 18                | 20 September 2023   | €52.00                        | Buy            | €86.00          |
| 19                | 9 November 2023     | €44.75                        | Buy            | €86.00          |
| 20                | 12 February 2024    | €39.85                        | Buy            | €86.00          |
| 21                | 22 February 2024    | €45.80                        | Buy            | €86.00          |
| 22                | Today               | €41.25                        | Buy            | €86.00          |

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